## LANGTOFT PRIMARY SCHOOL

# READING

#### Our Intent

At Langtoft Primary School we aim to provide pupils with the knowledge and understanding needed to develop their fluency, confidence and enjoyment in reading to enable each child to read a wide range of texts at an age-appropriate level.

Reading is at the heart of our whole curriculum and is given high priority so that each child has the skills to be able to access all areas of the full curriculum.

It is our intent that by the end of Year Six, pupil's reading will be sufficiently fluent and effortless for them to be able to manage the general demands of the curriculum in Year Seven, across all subjects.

As well as teaching children how to read we aim to inspire and foster a life-long love of reading as we know 'there is a proven positive relationship between reading frequency, reading enjoyment and attainment.' (Clark, 2011)

The overarching aim for English in the National Curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written language, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment.

The National Curriculum for Reading aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage

At Langtoft Primary School we aim for all children to:

- access high-quality texts linked directly to our curriculum and our wider curriculum so that they develop into ambitious readers and thinkers;
- be confident to select, read fluently and discuss a wide range of text types and genres with understanding;
- develop consideration and respect for others through access to diverse texts, which give the children opportunity to investigate other lives, worlds and perspectives. Children will understand and have empathy for the values, beliefs, rights and opinions of others:
- be independent learners who read for pleasure and develop a thirst for life-long learning;
- see themselves represented in the books they choose;
- develop cooperation to work together as a team to learn and succeed by providing encouragement to others through praise and positivity;
- be resilient when facing challenges and try their best in order to overcome them.



### <u>Implementation</u>

# Foundation Stage and Key Stage 1 (until children are fluent readers)

- Reading gets off to a strong start in Reception. Read Write Inc is used as our systematic synthetic phonics programme because it is a fast paced, rigorous and structured.
- High-quality phonics is taught daily in Reception and KS1 until the Y2 children come off the programme and move onto whole class reading with a focus on comprehension. Children practise independent reading daily.
- Read Write Inc implementation is monitored by Ms Bytheway, the Reader Leader to ensure consistency and effectiveness.
- Children are formally assessed by the Reader Leader and regrouped according to progress at least once per termlet. Children may move groups before this if they are showing faster progress.
- We have a 'keep up not catch up' moto and intervention is put in place immediately if needed.
- We have invested in a brand-new Read Write Inc reading scheme to ensure that all books sent home perfectly match the sounds the child knows and has been taught at school. Once reading Red Ditties the children take home three books to read at home. One is their story book chosen for enjoyment, one is a copy of the exact RWI text they have read at school that week and the other is a Read Write Inc Book Bag Book that will provide extra practise and ensure the child makes faster progress. All children on the RWI scheme do this.
- In FS all children are heard read individually at least once a week by the teacher or TA. Homework sheets are sent home so that the parents know which sounds have been taught and are therefore able to support at home.
- All children choose a high-quality book of their choice from the class book corner to share/ read at home. Adults support with this. All books in book corners/ class libraries are worthy of being read aloud.
- Teachers/ TAs read aloud high-quality texts to children daily. In FS and KS1 familiar books are reread often. Children have the opportunity to vote for their end of the day story.
- Parents as partners- September Reading Workshop to teach the parents the correct pronunciation of Set 1 speed sounds. We explain Fred talk, red words, how to support at home and give handouts to refer to. We also discuss the importance of reading to their child.
- Second Reading Workshop to teach the correct pronunciation of Set 2 sounds as well as explaining the next steps in the progress groups e.g. how to blend words with four or five sounds. We discuss how to share stories with their child to develop their comprehension skills and continue to foster a love of books and reading.
- In Y1, in addition to the 6-week assessments, the class teacher undertakes a phonics screening check mock three times a year to assess, plan and review class progress.
- Once a child has completed the RWI programme they move onto Oxford Reading Tree books which have been assessed by the class teacher as being the correct stage. Adults in school listen to individual readers and check their understanding of the text. The frequency of this is dependent on the stage the child is and the progress they are making. When fluency and comprehension are accurate, they are moved up to the next stage.
- Pupils with SEN or PPG are given additional 1:1 intervention supported by either the class teacher or teaching assistant. They are also listened to read individually more frequently.



#### Key Stage 2

- Teachers select high-quality texts that are appropriate for their class (age-appropriate, challenging vocabulary, appropriate theme, allows children
  to see themselves reflected in the text and to have the opportunity to investigate other lives, worlds and perspectives). A mixture of fiction, nonfiction and poetry is used.
- High-quality texts are read aloud daily by an adult to the whole class, modelling fluency, correct pace, intonation, expression and volume.
- Children participate in discussions about texts as a class or in talking pairs.
- Fluency is a priority- children are assessed using 60 second reads at least three times per year. Children should be 90-120wpm with accuracy, automaticity and prosody.
- If fewer than 80% of class fluent-daily repeated oral reading- practise in mixed ability pairs rereading a passage (up to 3 or 4 times) aiming for fluency. If more than 80% of children fluent the lowest 20% do this as a group while rest of the class reads longer text silently or to a partner.
- Echo reading takes places as a whole class to increase children's confidence.
- Children are taught how to answer different types of questions based on the content domains: vocabulary, inference, prediction, explanation, retrieval and sequencing/ summarising. We have a whole school approach to this using VIPERS. Strategies are modelled and support is gradually reduced as pupils take increasing responsibility. Each class has a VIPERS display to refer to.
- Reading comprehension relies on background knowledge- our carefully sequenced curriculum should allow children to gain the necessary knowledge.
- Teachers model inference-making by 'thinking out loud'.
- Strategies are used to develop the children's understanding of new vocabulary e.g. Frayer model. Complex vocabulary is explicitly pre-taught.
- Words relating to topics are displayed in the classroom and discussed with the children.
- Reading takes place across the curriculum- pre-teaching other areas of the curriculum or filling gaps in children's knowledge through choice of text.
- Increasing reading mileage- children read independently daily.
- Children are actively encouraged to read at home-levelled book and free choice from class selection. We also encourage parents to read to their child.
- Regular quality assessment to identify what the child needs support with and put in place the appropriate intervention. We use PIRA assessments to generate diagnostics about strengths and weaknesses to inform teacher planning.
- Barrington Stoke reading books are available for children diagnosed dyslexic or identified as requiring quality first teaching techniques coloured overlays, tracking exercises, wider line spacing.
- Weekly visit to the KS2 library to borrow books or magazines to read for pleasure.
- Informal book talk takes place regularly so that teachers know children's reading practices and can use their knowledge of children's literature to make recommendations.
- Social reading environments are being developed to encourage reading for pleasure during the school day. Each teacher has a selection of 'special' treasured texts for the children to borrow, which changes termly.



			ression in Reading								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6					
Word reading - phonics and decoding  Develop phonologic awareness, so that they can:  spot and sugges rhymes  recognise words with the same initial sound  Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.  Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.	knowledge and skills to decode	sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. Be confident with all taught	<ul> <li>use phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read multi-syllabic words)</li> <li>reread books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading</li> <li>apply growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to read aloud</li> <li>apply growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation, -ly, -ture, -sure, -sion, -tion, -ssion and -cian, to read aloud and understand the meaning of new words.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill</li> <li>apply growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including -sion, -tion, -cial, -tial, -ant/-ance/-ancy, -ent/- ence/-ency, -able/-ably and -ible/ibly, to read aloud fluently and understand the meaning of new words.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes / word endings</li> <li>decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill and understand the meaning of new words.</li> </ul>					



				GPC's									
Word reading — common exception words	•	reads some common exception words matched to RWI	•	reads Y1 common exception words noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words	•	reads Y1 and Y2 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between the spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	•	beginning to read Y3/Y4 exception words	•	reads Y3/Y4 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between the spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	•		ual correspondences g and sound and
Word reading - fluency	•	Fred in head and become speedy with taught green words. Keep in line with RWI expectations. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	•	accurately reads texts that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge, that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words re-reads texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading keep in line with RWI expectations.	•	read aloud books (closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge), sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without overt sounding and blending re-reads books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading Keep in line with RWI expectations.	•		(ali	though Y3 will be a t		redence over teaching vanition). Any focus on	



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Vocabulary	<ul> <li>engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.</li> <li>talk about what words mean and learn new vocabulary in order to understand what has been read</li> <li>use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.</li> </ul>	talk about what words mean and learn new vocabulary in order to understand what has been read make links to words already known	<ul> <li>talk about what words mean and learn new vocabulary in order to understand what has been read</li> <li>discuss and clarify the meaning of words, linking new meanings to know vocabulary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk about what words mean and learn new vocabulary in order to understand what has been read</li> <li>discuss and clarify the meaning of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary</li> <li>check meanings of words using teacher prepared definitions</li> <li>explain the meaning of words used in a familiar context</li> <li>discuss how adjectives, nouns and verbs have been used to build a picture for the reader</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>check meanings of words using teacher prepared definitions</li> <li>explain the meaning of words and know how to use in the correct context</li> <li>write own definitions for words</li> <li>use dictionaries to check the meaning of words read</li> <li>discuss how word and phrases have been used to build a picture for the reader.</li> </ul>	•	check meanings of words using teacher prepared definitions explain the meaning of words and know how to use in the correct context ask questions to improve understanding of vocabulary explain the meaning of words in context (asking questions, checking word meanings) write own definitions for words use dictionaries to check the meaning of words read discuss how word and phrases have been used to build a picture for the reader.	•	check the book makes sense, discussing and exploring the meaning of words in context use dictionaries to check the meaning of words read ask questions to improve understanding of vocabulary discuss how words and phrases have been used to build a picture for the reader. discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader.



Range of reading	listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, non-fiction and poetry at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, non-fiction and poetry at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	<ul> <li>participate in discussions about books, poems and other works that are read to them (at a level beyond at which they can reading independently) and those that they can read for themselves, explaining their understanding and expressing their views</li> <li>become increasingly familiar with, and retell a wide range of familiar stories in the correct sequence</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</li> <li>read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</li> <li>read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</li> </ul>	continue to recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes	<ul> <li>continue to recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</li> <li>read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</li> </ul>
Familiarity	<ul> <li>recognise and join in with predictable phrases</li> <li>become very familiar with key stories that the adult reads to them</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise and join in with predictable phrases</li> <li>become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them in the correct sequence and considering their particular characteristics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>read for pleasure and become increasingly familiar with a wide range of stories and retell in increasing detail and in the correct sequence</li> <li>recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>read for pleasure and increase familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retell some of these orally</li> <li>identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>read for pleasure and increase familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retell some of these orally</li> <li>identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books</li> </ul>	• read for pleasure and increase familiarity with a wide range of genres, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions	• read for pleasure, discussing, comparing and evaluating in depth across a wide range of genres, including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other



					read for a range of purposes	• identify and discuss themes and conventions (such as the using of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies) in and across a wide range of text types	cultures and traditions  recognise more complex themes in what they have read (such as loss or heroism)
Comprehension – understanding	<ul> <li>Understand:</li> <li>print has meaning</li> <li>print can have different purposes</li> <li>we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom</li> <li>the names of the different parts of a book</li> <li>page sequencing</li> <li>begin to link what they have read or have read to them to their own experiences with adult support</li> <li>join in with discussions about a text, taking turns and listening to what others are saying with adult</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>check that a text makes sense</li> <li>begin to self-correct when reading</li> <li>link what they have read or have read to them to their own experiences</li> <li>answer basic retrieval questions</li> <li>join in with discussions about a text, taking turns and listening to what others are saying</li> <li>discuss significance of titles and events</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>check that a text makes sense</li> <li>self-correct inaccurate reading</li> <li>show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher</li> <li>answer basic retrieval questions</li> <li>explain what has happened so far in what they have read</li> <li>discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>check that a text makes sense</li> <li>self-correct inaccurate reading</li> <li>use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting)</li> <li>answer basic retrieval questions using evidence from the text</li> <li>discuss understanding of a text</li> <li>ask questions to improve understanding of a text</li> <li>know and discuss setting, character and event changes across text</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>check that the text makes sense to them, discuss their understanding and explore the meaning of words in context</li> <li>discuss and compare texts from a wide variety of genres and writers</li> <li>identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books</li> <li>refer to authorial style, overall themes (e.g. triumph of good over evil) and features (e.g. greeting in letters, a diary written in the</li> </ul>	check that the book makes sense to them, discuss their understanding and explore the meaning of words in context  participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously  identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these  recommend texts to peers based on	<ul> <li>check that the book makes sense to them</li> <li>explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read</li> <li>identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these</li> <li>listen to guidance and feedback on the quality of their explanations and contributions to discussions, making improvements when participating in discussions</li> <li>distinguish independently</li> </ul>



	support  • answer some		ask and answer questions about		first person or the using of	personal choice	between statements of
	basic retrieval questions  demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.		a text  • make links between the text they are reading and other texts they have read (in texts that they can read independently)		presentational devices such as numbering and headings)  identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these		fact and opinion, providing reasoned justifications for their views  compare characters, settings and themes within a text and across more than one text recommend texts to peers based on personal choice
Comprehension – inference and prediction	<ul> <li>begin to predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far</li> <li>talk about character's feelings with adult support</li> <li>anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>begin to make simple inferences on the basis of what is being said and done</li> <li>predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far</li> <li>talk about character's feelings</li> </ul>	make (some)     inferences     make a plausible     prediction about     what might     happen on the     basis of what has     been read so far     in a text	<ul> <li>ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions</li> <li>justify predictions using evidence from the text</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text</li> <li>justify predictions from details stated and implied</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text</li> <li>make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>consider different accounts of the same event, discussing viewpoints, both of authors and of fictional characters</li> <li>discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues</li> </ul>



Poetry and performance	• listen to a range of rhymes, songs and poems, and join in reciting/ singing some of them as a group	learn to     appreciate     rhymes and     poems, and to     recite some by     heart	continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation to making the meaning clear	prepare and perform poems and play scripts, showing some awareness of the audience when reading aloudbeginning to use appropriate intonation and volume     recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]	<ul> <li>recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry- with a focus on Limericks and narrative poetry.</li> <li>prepare and perform poems and play scripts with appropriate techniques (intonation, tone, volume and action) showing awareness of the audience when reading aloud</li> </ul>	learn a wider range of poetry by heart     prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience	learn a wider range of poetry by heart     prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience
Non-fiction	• listen to and discuss, with adult support, a wide range of non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	<ul> <li>listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independentl</li> </ul>	• recognise that non- fiction books are often structured in different ways	retrieve and record information from non- fiction texts	use all of the organisational devices available within a nonfiction text, retrieving, recording and discussing information	distinguish between statements of fact and opinion retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts	distinguish between statements of fact and opinion retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts

